# Groveland Community Services District



Tuolumne County Groveland, California

Financial Statements with Independent Auditor's Report

Year Ended June 30, 2024

## TUOLUMNE COUNTY GROVELAND, CALIFORNIA

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2024

FINANCIAL SECTION	<b>PAGE</b>
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Activities	22
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheets to the Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	25
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	26
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	28
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	29
Notes to the Financial Statements	31
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:	
Fire Protection Fund	52
Parks and Recreation Fund	53
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios	54
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	55
Schedule of the District's Contributions	56

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2024

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance For Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by The Uniform Guidance
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS SECTION
Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Groveland Community Services District Groveland, California

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Groveland Community Services District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government* 

Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period
  of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and, the Schedule of Contributions on pages 4 – 20 and pages 52 – 56 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards* Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing

procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 23, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 23, 2024

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

California law establishes the structure and process for governance, management and administration of the Groveland Community Services District (District or GCSD), and its financial affairs. A five member Board of Directors are elected at large from within the District boundaries, to serve four year staggered terms. The Board appoints a General Manager who is responsible for the day to day management of the District financial affairs, administered in accordance with policies adopted by the Board.

#### FINANCIAL POLICIES AND GUIDELINES

The financial integrity of GCSD is of utmost importance. Maintaining fiscal stability is a critical component of the overall financial plan. GCSD is accountable to its ratepayers and the public for the use of public funds. Resources should be used wisely to ensure adequate funding for services, public facilities and infrastructure necessary to meet present and future needs. GCSD's financial policies and guidelines provide the backbone for making financial decisions and a benchmark for monitoring financial activities.

#### **General Financial Policy Guidelines**

The GCSD Board has adopted financial policies to provide a framework to guide the District's decision-making with respect to operations, budgeting, debt issuance, and financial planning. These guidelines provide overview policy guidelines in the areas of general, revenue, budgeting and expenses, reserves, investments, debt management, capital improvements, purchasing and fixed assets.

These policies require that:

- The District will manage its financial assets in a sound and prudent manner.
- The District will maintain and further develop programs to assure its long-term ability to pay all the costs necessary to provide the level and quality of service required by its customers.

These policies are to promote sound financial management and to ensure that its finances are managed in a manner, which will:

- Support the continued delivery of quality services in compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and at a level meeting or exceeding industry standards,
- Ensure the District's stability, efficiency and effectiveness in accomplishing the Board of Director's goals and objectives for the long term,
- Maintain a balanced budget annually to ensure that the District is operating within its revenue constraints, even when faced with fluctuating service demands, and
- Maintain adequate reserves necessary to meet known and unknown future obligations.

The financial policies of the District are summarized below:

#### **Investment Policy**

The District's *Investment Policy* follows California Government Code objectives of safety, liquidity and yield (in that priority order). Annually during the budget development process of each year, the policy is reviewed and readopted by the Board of Directors to ensure GCSD's Investment Policy is up to date with current regulations. The General Manager also serves as the District's Treasurer who annually reviews the Investment Policy and as necessary, submits recommended revisions to the Board for their annual consideration and approval. The investment process is carefully monitored to ensure compliance with the Investment Policy and other applicable regulations.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Budget Policy**

The budget policy defines the budget process for both the operating and CIP budgets. This policy provides guidance to District personnel performing budgetary process functions. The policy requires balanced budgets, which will serve as a financial plan to promote financial stability while accomplishing the Board's goals and objectives.

#### **Reserve Policy**

The District's *Reserve Policy* is designed to distinguish between Legally Restricted Reserves and Board Designated Reserves, establish distinct purposes for each reserve category, set funding targets and accumulation levels for reserves, and identify events or conditions prompting use. The Reserve Policy provides guidance for establishing, funding and using reserves to meet known future obligations and unforeseen needs as deemed prudent and/or required by agreement. As available and deemed appropriate, Board Designated Reserves are funded to reserves in the following broad categories: operational and contingencies, capital facilities and equipment, and debt service.

#### **Debt Management Policy**

The policy is intended to provide guidance for debt structure, its justification and evaluation. The primary objective of the Debt Management Policy is to establish conditions for the use of debt and to create procedures and policies that minimize GCSD's debt service and issuance costs, retain the highest practical credit rating, and maintain full and complete financial disclosure and reporting.

#### **Procurement Policy**

The District's *Expense Authorization* policy provides the framework and guidelines for District purchases and contracts. This policy covers all District procurement activities (commodity and service purchases and public works contracts) and adheres to Government Code Section 54202 that requires local governmental agencies to adopt policies and procedures including "bidding regulations, governing purchases of supplies and equipment."

#### DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION AND RELATED EXPENSES

All GCSD administrative, or overhead expenses are budgeted annually in their own category for transparency and evaluation purposes. The salary and benefits of office staff, office expenses, insurance, board expenses and other basic costs incurred to administer the affairs of the District, regardless of the services provided, are accounted for in the administrative expense. As a standard practice in allocating District administrative expenses, costs are distributed to the various services provided, at an allocation percentage based on the level of administrative effort that goes into delivering the respective service.

Beginning in 2018/19, GCSD began allocating the administrative expenses to each of its service funds based on an appropriate percentage of benefit derived. Prior to 2018/19, GCSD distributed the administrative expense only to the water, sewer and fire services, with very little to nothing, charged to park service expenses. There is most obviously a benefit derived by the park service by sharing office administrative expenses with other services; since if these services were provided by a separate special district, there would be expenses for a separate office, staff and Board expenses in an amount that would certainly exceed the shared administrative expenses of a CSD.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which immediately follow this section. We also encourage readers to attend GCSD Board meetings to become familiar with District governance and operations and to provide public input. The Board meets in regular session on the second Tuesday of each month. Regular meetings are held at 10:00 a.m. at the District Office, 18966 Ferretti Road, Groveland, California. Board meetings are open to the public to attend physically or virtually via technology platforms such as Zoom. All meeting agendas and supporting materials are available on the District website in advance of the Board meetings and archived at <a href="https://www.gcsd.org">www.gcsd.org</a>.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements presented, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position. These statements are intended to provide the reader with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner that is similar to that used by private-sector businesses.
  - o The statement of net position presents financial information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
  - The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses may be reported in the current period for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods, or for which the cash flows have already occurred.
  - O Both the statement of net position and the statement of activities distinguish between two types of activities carried out by the District: governmental activities, which are principally supported by property taxes, and business-type activities, which are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through charges for services. The governmental activities of the District include fire protection and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the District include water, sewer, and the Davis-Grunsky fund.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

- Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain separate accountability for resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund.
  - O Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financial requirements and legal compliance. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, a reconciliation to the governmental fund statements is provided to explain the differences (or relationships) between them.
  - Proprietary funds The District's proprietary funds, which are enterprise funds, are used to report
    the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements,
    only in more detail.
  - Fiduciary fund The District is responsible for the administration of the Improvement Districts (Sewer Assessment Districts Nos. 3 and 4) formed under the Municipal Improvement Act of 1911. The District is not obligated to repay the special assessment debt of these special assessment districts. Tuolumne County (County) functions as an agent for the property owners by collecting assessments and forwarding collections to the special assessment debt holders. The County has sufficient funds on hand to pay off these debts.
- Notes to the financial statements, which are included in the financial statements, provide additional
  information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the governmentwide and fund financial statements.
- Required supplementary information provides further explanations and additional support for the financial statements. The District's budget to actual comparisons for the year are included for the Fire Protection Fund and the Parks and Recreation Fund (major special revenue funds).

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE OVERALL FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

#### **Net Position**

Net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. For the District as a whole, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$26,463,650 as of June 30, 2024. This amount represents the District's net position.

The largest portion (67%) of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, structures and improvements, furnishing and equipment, and vehicles) less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to pay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. Restricted net position of \$3,306,040 is restricted for the receipt of advanced funding or externally required to be held separately by grantors. The remaining balance of \$1,581,606 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. The District accounts for this unrestricted fund balance separately

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

for Water, Sewer, (the Business Type Activities), and Fire and Park Services (the Government Type activities), based on amounts budgeted and spent each year in accordance with adopted fund balance and reserve policies.

	Government	ntal Activities Business-Type Activities Total		<b>Business-Type Activities</b>		tal
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Current assets and						
other assets	\$ 1,635,049	\$ 1,441,734	\$ 9,586,795	\$10,783,250	\$ 11,221,844	\$ 12,224,984
Capital assets	2,528,048	2,078,710	23,503,082	20,592,444	26,031,130	22,671,154
Total assets	4,163,097	3,520,444	33,089,877	31,375,694	37,252,974	34,896,138
Total deferred						
outflows of resources	80,020	76,767	1,722,146	1,607,943	1,802,166	1,684,710
Long-term liabilities	530,896	544,027	8,063,161	8,662,917	8,594,057	9,206,944
Other liabilities	391,689	339,787	3,048,080	3,235,914	3,439,769	3,575,701
Total liabilities	922,585	883,814	11,111,241	11,898,831	12,033,826	12,782,645
Total deferred						
inflows of resources	328,453	371,326	229,211	520,234	557,664	891,560
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	2,497,841	2,068,008	19,078,163	13,203,821	21,576,004	15,271,829
Restricted	180,906	276,239	3,125,134	1,196,747	3,306,040	1,472,986
Unrestricted	313,332	(2,176)	1,268,274	6,164,004	1,581,606	6,161,828
Total net position	\$ 2,992,079	\$ 2,342,071	\$23,471,571	\$20,564,572	\$ 26,463,650	\$ 22,906,643

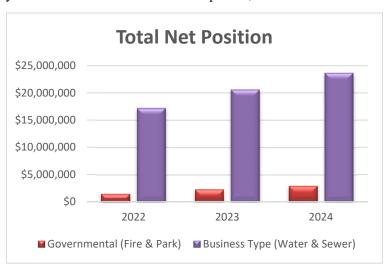
#### **Changes in Net Position**

The net position of the District as a whole was \$26,463,650 as of June 30, 2024. This is an overall increase in net position of \$3,557,007 from the prior year. Total investment in capital assets of \$21,576,004 represents the net book value of capital assets, less bonds payable plus unspent bond proceeds. Total net position increased mainly due to the increase in net position for the Water Fund and Sewer Fund in which the reserves will be used for future capital projects as noted in the "Factors Bearing on the District's Future" section of the MD&A.

**Governmental activities** – The net position for governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 was \$2,992,079. This is an overall increase in net position of \$650,008 from the prior year; primarily the result of state grant reimbursements and increased earned interest. Property tax revenue decreased by 1.62%, \$23,309 in FY2024 due to the timing of payments received from the county, with corresponding revenue expected to be recognized in the next fiscal year. Management has implemented several measures to reduce expenses and mitigate the impact of governmental activities. As a result, total revenue surpassed total expenses, leading to an increase in net position.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

**Business-type activities** – For the District's business-type activities the net position as of June 30, 2024, was \$23,471,571 as shown below. This is an overall increase in net position of \$2,906,999 from the prior year. Total revenues exceeded expenses, which accounts for the increase in net position. This is due to



receiving increased state grant reimbursements and other state and federal revenues throughout the year. Also contributing to the increase in net position was the sale of fixed assets. The net position was also positively impacted by changes in investments held by the District, generating \$116,346 in revenue over that earned in Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2023.

	Government	tal Activities	vities Business-Type Activities		To	Total	
	2024	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>	2023	
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,805	\$ 2,660	\$ 6,031,235	\$ 6,106,999	\$ 6,034,040	\$ 6,109,659	
Capital grants and contributions	325,653	41,336	2,745,831	2,467,767	3,071,484	2,509,103	
Operating grants and contributions	42,398	45,001	-	-	42,398	45,001	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,413,319	1,436,628	3	128	1,413,322	1,436,756	
Interest income	64,360	38,883	278,698	162,352	343,058	201,235	
State revenue	361,916	246,491	191,679	-	553,595	246,491	
Federal revenue	-	257	28,605	-	28,605	257	
Other revenues	124,675	84,158	140,915	8,355	265,590	92,513	
Lease revenue	35,000	-	-		35,000	-	
Loss on disposal of capital asset	(1,024)	(16,448)	(13,092)	(146,605)	(14,116)	(163,053)	
Total revenues	2,369,102	1,878,966	9,403,874	8,598,996	11,772,976	10,477,962	
Expenses:							
Public safety	1,455,822	894,675	-	-	1,455,822	894,675	
Parks and recreation	263,272	172,649	-	-	263,272	172,649	
Water	-	-	3,625,212	2,892,556	3,625,212	2,892,556	
Davis-Grunsky	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Sewer	<u>-</u>		2,871,663	2,513,357	2,871,663	2,513,357	
Total expenses	1,719,094	1,067,324	6,496,875	5,405,913	8,215,969	6,473,237	
Change in net position	650,008	811,642	2,906,999	3,193,083	3,557,007	4,004,725	
Net position - beginning of year	2,342,071	1,530,429	20,564,572	17,371,489	22,906,643	18,901,918	
Net position - ending	\$ 2,992,079	\$ 2,342,071	\$23,471,571	\$20,564,572	\$26,463,650	\$22,906,643	

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

**Designated Reserves** - Also funded by the water and sewer rate increases were water and sewer infrastructure and equipment replacement reserves established beginning in fiscal year 2015/16 for the water fund and in 2018/19 for the sewer fund. The designated reserves were created specifically to fund annually budgeted equipment and infrastructure expenses, with any remaining amount of the annual allocations set aside to accumulate to fund future important projects. In addition to any budgeted capital outlay, the designated sewer reserves established a \$100,000 set aside specifically to fund infrastructure replacement or improvements required. A summary of the designated reserves is shown below:

#### **Infrastructure and Equipment Reserves**

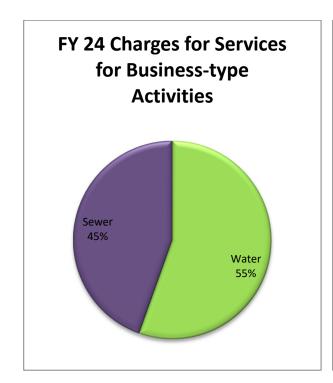
Ca	Water (Annual Capital Outlay <u>&amp; Reserved)</u>		Sewer (Annual Capital <u>Outlay)</u>		Sewer (Reserve)	
\$	450,000	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	463,500	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	477,405	\$	-	\$	-	
\$	491,727	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	506,479	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	506,479	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	506,479	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	506,479	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	506,479	\$	300,000	\$	100,000	
\$	4,415,027	\$	1,800,000	\$	600,000	
\$	11,029,156	\$	9,871,073	\$	-	
\$	(5,831,940)	\$	(5,749,731)	\$	-	
\$	(782,189)	\$	(2,321,342)	\$	600,000	
	Ca	Capital Outlay & Reserved)  \$ 450,000 \$ 463,500 \$ 477,405 \$ 491,727 \$ 506,479 \$ 506,479 \$ 506,479 \$ 506,479 \$ 506,479 \$ 11,029,156 \$ (5,831,940)	Capital Outlay & Reserved)  \$ 450,000 \$ \$ 463,500 \$ \$ 477,405 \$ \$ 491,727 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 506,479 \$ \$ 11,029,156 \$ \$ (5,831,940) \$	Capital Outlay & Reserved)       (Annual Capital Outlay)         \$ 450,000       \$ -         \$ 463,500       \$ -         \$ 477,405       \$ -         \$ 491,727       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 506,479       \$ 300,000         \$ 11,029,156       \$ 9,871,073         \$ (5,831,940)       \$ (5,749,731)	Capital Outlay         (Annual Capital Outlay)         (Annual Capital Outlay)	

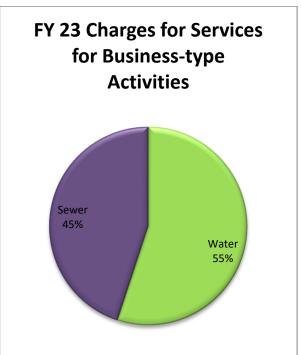
<sup>\*</sup> Infrastructure and Equipment Expenditures from Date Reserves Established in FY 2015/16 (water) and 2018/19 (sewer)

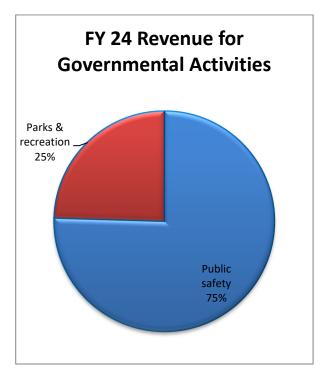
Since established, the water and sewer rate increases, state and federal grants and reserve funds have provided cash for the upgrade and replacement of \$20,900,229 in equipment, facility renovations and infrastructure replacements. State and federal grants totaling \$11,581,671 have been leveraged since the inception of the rate increases. Water fund capital expenditures of \$2,057,087 in Fiscal Year 2023/24 resulted in the depletion of water capital reserve funds by \$782,189 requiring fund balance to be spent, while the Sewer fund capital expenditures in the same year totaled \$2,810,379 resulting in the sewer reserve being depleted and \$2,321,342 of sewer fund balance being spent through June 30, 2024.

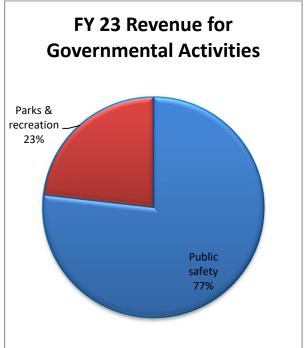
<sup>\*\*</sup> Grants Received for Infrastructure and Equipment from Date Reserves Established in FY 2015/16 (water) and 2018/19 (sewer)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024

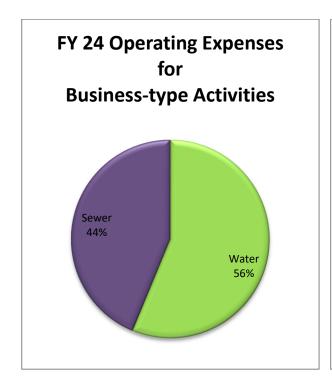


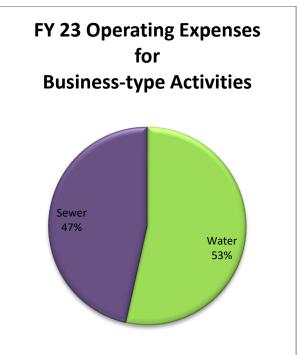


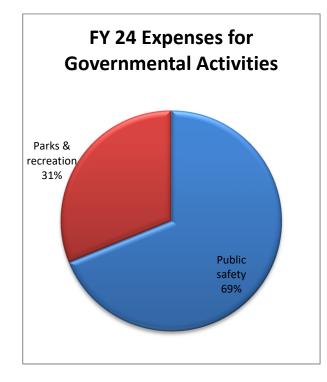


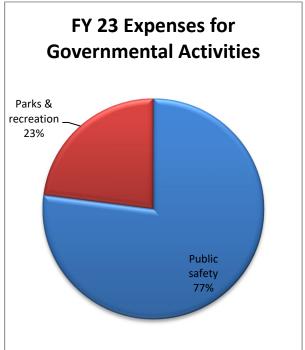


MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
JUNE 30, 2024









## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

#### **Changes in Net Fund Balance/Net Position**

#### Governmental fund balances

#### Fire Fund -

A special benefit assessment for the fire department expired in June 2012, resulting in a reduced funding level for the fire department. The District subsequently eliminated its fire department staff positions and entered into a contractual agreement (Schedule A Contract) with CAL FIRE for the operation of the fire department, that began April 1, 2013. This contractual arrangement initially reduced expenses but was quickly determined to not provide adequate staffing to achieve industry standard services year-round. Therefore, to maintain adequate firefighting resources, the District entered into agreement in 2014 with CAL FIRE to provide year-round staffing at their Merrell Road station (Amador Contract).

The budgeted cost of the Schedule A and Amador contract has exceeded available property tax revenue each year, however the actual amount billed by CAL FIRE has historically been well under budget. In addition, due to serious drought conditions from 2014 through 2017 which resulted in an extended state fire season, no Amador Contract expenses were incurred in those years and therefore revenue and expenses were in balance. In 2018/19 and again in the 2019/20 fiscal year, the Amador contract expense was billed by CAL FIRE and the Schedule A billing began increasing by over 5% per year which approached the amount budgeted, causing the fund balance to be drawn down to balance revenue and expenses for the year. In the 2019/20 fiscal year, the fire department fund balance was depleted by \$204,905 and then recovered by only \$53,762 in fiscal year 2020/21. Once again, the fire department fund balance was reduced by \$2,515 in fiscal year 2021/22 and \$282,348 in fiscal year 2022/23 due to expenses exceeding revenue. In fiscal year 2023/24, the fund balance increased by \$251,884. The increase in fund balance was primarily due to the reimbursement of a CalFire grant and fire house maintenance projects that remain incomplete at year end resulting in unspent cash resources. Despite the increase in fund balance, property tax revenue received declined, and public safety expenses rose. The District estimates that without additional revenue, the remaining fire department cash will be depleted by December 2025 or sooner if major equipment failure were to occur.

Considering the fire department budget deficit, inability to replace critical equipment and inability to reduce expenses further and continue to provide required staffing, the District completed an update of its fire department master plan to identify required immediate and long-term expenses to meet established fire protection and emergency response standards and evaluate department revenue options. Concurrently in 2019/20 fiscal year, the District hired professional consultants to determine, develop and place before the voters a revenue measure to ensure that fire services are adequately funded into the future. Due to the COVID-19 Pandemic and its negative economic impact locally, the fire revenue measure planned for 2020 was placed on hold. In January 2021 the District entered into a joint powers agreement with Tuolumne County and the other county fire departments for the purpose of placing a special tax revenue measure on the June 8, 2021 special election ballot. If approved, the special tax measure would have provided over \$500,000 annually to the District fire department to replace equipment and develop a contingency and reserve fund. The measure was defeated by the voters and the JPA dissolved.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

In fiscal year 2025, the District intends to present the previously postponed tax measure to voters. Should this measure receive voter approval, the additional revenue will be allocated to extend the contract with CalFire, enhancing our ability to maintain services. This strategic investment is designed to foster long-term benefits for the community.

Conversely, if the measure does not pass, the District will face limitations in its financial commitments, restricting contracts to a maximum duration of two years due to funding constraints. This will also impact project continuity and planning, ultimately affecting the quality and scope of services provided. The outcome of this vote will be pivotal in determining our operational capacity and the long-term vision for the community's needs. Additionally, a stakeholder group has been established to discuss various staffing scenarios and levels of service regardless of whether the vote passes or is declined by the voters. This proactive approach will help prepare the District for the different outcomes. The group will evaluate how to maintain service quality under various funding conditions.

In addition, as recommended in the updated 2020 Fire Master Plan, the District has been negotiating with the County of Tuolumne for funding assistance to offset the expense and impact of providing fire protection and emergency response services for an increasing 911 call volume occurring outside the District boundaries, predominantly in the county's responsibility area, as a result of the District's via its automatic/mutual aid agreement. As a result, the County assumed the cost of the Amador Contract which funds the non-fire season staffing at the CAL FIRE Merrell Rd fire station at an estimated cost of \$260,000 annually. The County also entered into an agreement with the District in August 2022 to co-locate a fully staffed Tuolumne County Fire Department engine in the Groveland fire station for a period of one year and has since been extended by another year. Thise action by the county increases the level of staffing and services provided consistently, year-round, and helps to offset some costs, but does not balance the fire department revenues and expenses. This agreement is also executed on a short term, year to year basis so the additional staffing provided by the county cannot be counted on for the long term.

To address the cost of expanding fire department staffing in the future with the growth of the community, the District has adopted development policies requiring the formation of Community Facilities Districts which authorizes the levy of a special tax as well as the charging of Development Impact Fees on newly developing properties, with the revenue being set aside for staff and equipment expansion when emergency call volume warrants.

**Park Fund** – The park services benefit from the administrative services of the District, which include shared Board, management and office expenses. Since the 2018/19 fiscal year, the District has allocated approximately 5% of the majority of administrative expenses to the park services, to accurately reflect the benefit received in accordance with law. In fiscal year 2023/24 the Park fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$110,471 due to expenses exceeding revenue. This is primarily the result of grant reimbursement funds for the Clean California Local Grant Program - Groveland Asset and Rehabilitation Project expected to be received in the following fiscal year.

#### **Business Type Activity Funds**

The **Water Fund** generated an operating loss of \$194,054, a net increase from nonoperating activities of \$354,154 and a net increase in capital activity of \$497,027 for a total increase in net position of \$657,127. The primary capital activity item was grant revenue of \$497,027 and primary nonoperating items were state revenue of \$191,679 and interest earnings of \$145,901 on investments.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

The **Sewer Fund** generated an operating loss of \$75,456, a net increase from nonoperating activities of \$75,927, and a net increase in capital activity of \$2,248,804 for a total increase in net position of \$2,249,275. The primary capital activity items was federal grant revenue of \$2,223,525 and primary nonoperating items were interest earnings of \$132,203 on investments and interest expense of \$100,961 on long-term debt.

#### **Change in Fund Balance/Net Position**

		<u>2024</u>		2023		icrease ecrease)
Governmental Fund Balance:						
Fire protection	\$	918,268	\$	666,384	\$	251,884
Parks and recreation		325,092		435,563		(110,471)
Enterprise Net Position:						
Water	1	2,348,491	1	1,691,364		657,127
Davis-Grunsky		19,685		19,088		597
Sewer	1	1,103,395		8,854,120	2	,249,275

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

At June 30, 2024 the District's investment in capital assets totaled \$26,031,130. This amount represents a net increase of \$3,359,976 from last year. The increase in capital assets was primarily a result of \$1,070,417 related to the annual depreciation expense offset by capital asset additions of \$4,430,393. The most significant additions to the capital assets during this fiscal year are detailed below:

#### **Assets Shared by Multiple Services**

- Truck #7 Replacement
- Truck #8 Replacement
- Administration Parking Lot Repair Concrete Paving, Sealing and Rolling Gate Installation

#### **Water Service**

- Big Creek-2G Clearwell, Butler Way Bypass Engineering, Replacement of Tank#5 Steel Flooring and Corrosion Repair
- Completion of Generator Installations
- Big Creek Water Treatment Plant Asphalt Rehabilitation
- New On-site Chlorine Generators (OSG) at Big Creek and Second Garrotte Treatment Locations
- New Programmable Logic Controllers at Big Creek Treatment Location
- Water Fill Station Engineering
- Water Pump Replacement & Repair Big Creek turbine pump
- 2022 Groveland Drought Resiliency Project Engineering
- Chlorine analyzers for WTP (Four)

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

#### **Sewer Service**

- Downtown Groveland/BOF Sewer Collection Rehabilitation Project
- Excavation Wand for Vac-Con Truck
- Asphalt Rehabilitation Demolition, AC Dike, Pavement, Sealing and Striping, and Concrete Valley Gutter Improvements
- Road Maintenance Seal Coating and Replacement leading to Lift Stations
- Wastewater Pump Replacements Various Meters at Several Locations
- Completion of Generator Installations
- Hetch Hetchy Railroad Project Land Acquisition Boundary and Topographic Surveys

#### Fire

- GCSD Infrastructure Fuel Reduction Project
- Asphalt Repair to Driveway and Parking Lot
- Hetch Hetchy Railroad Project Land Acquisition Boundary and Topographic Surveys

#### Park

- Groveland Asset Rehabilitation and Beautification Project Downtown Beautification Project Completed Construction in Process for Park Rehabilitation and Bathroom Replacement
- Park Parking Lot Repair
- Hetch Hetchy Railroad Project Land Acquisition Boundary and Topographic Surveys

#### **Total Funds Invested in Capital Assets**

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	Increase (Decrease)
Land	\$ 612,081	\$ 612,081	\$ -
Structures and improvements	34,326,292	34,025,951	300,341
Furniture and equipment	4,489,958	4,060,094	429,864
Vehicles	2,653,665	2,742,041	(88,376)
Right-to-use asset	350,000	350,000	-
Construction in progress	12,731,835	8,943,271	3,788,564
Accumulated depreciation	(29,132,701)	(28,062,284)	(1,070,417)
Total	\$ 26,031,130	\$ 22,671,154	\$ 3,359,976

#### LONG-TERM DEBT

At June 30, 2024, the District has \$8,594,057 in long-term debt, including the net pension liability. The changes to long-term debt are primarily attributable to scheduled principal payments and the change in the net pension liability, net OPEB liability (asset), the finance purchase and lease liability.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

The District provides pension benefits to its employees through the Groveland Community Services District Miscellaneous Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan maintained by CalPERS, an agency of the State of California. Qualified employees are covered under the Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55 for classic employees and 2% at 62 for PEPRA employees in the Risk Pool (the Plan). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. As of June 30, 2024, the District's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability was \$3,345,993, which is determined by an actuary annually. The District is evaluating refinancing methods to further reduce its CalPERS Unfunded Accrued Liability.

			Increase
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	(Decrease)
Bonds, net	\$ 1,520,347	\$ 1,990,298	\$ (469,951)
Net OPEB obligation	273,146	91,323	181,823
Compensated absences	233,439	241,064	(7,625)
Net pension liability	3,345,993	3,135,806	210,187
Finance purchase	915,940	1,081,056	(165,116)
Lease liability	320,983	350,000	(29,017)
Other long-term debt	1,984,209	2,317,397	(333,188)
Total	\$ 8,594,057	\$ 9,206,944	<u>\$ (612,887)</u>

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared, factors affecting the District's future included:

**Fire Services** – The District continued its contract with CAL FIRE for the operation of the Fire Department, and for the fourth consecutive year as predicted, the expenses associated with the Schedule A contract, building improvements and operating costs exceeded the available annual property tax allocation. If the district had not received grant fund reimbursements from the previous year, the fund balance would have needed to be further reduced to cover operating expenses. An increase in Fire fund revenue is needed prior to June 30, 2025, and the District is planning to secure voter approval of a revenue measure in 2025.

The cost associated with the CAL FIRE Schedule A Contract increased by 4.4%, \$45,662.35 in FYE 2024 and 30%, \$379,203 in FYE 2025. It is also estimated that Fire Department expenses will increase by approximately 5%-8% annually during this same period, resulting in further reductions in net position and cash unless additional revenue is secured to balance the budget. The District's Government (Fire) Fund balances could be depleted by December 2025 or earlier if any catastrophic failure occurs to the main fire engines.

In addition, GCSD maintains over \$4.7 million in Fire Department capital assets, including fire engines, buildings, tools and safety equipment. Recent past budgets have not included adequate revenue for the short- and long-term replacement of fire department equipment. In January 2020 the Board adopted the Fire Department capital asset replacement schedule which revealed that a \$274,000 expense or reserve is required annually to replace critical department equipment and facilities as they wear out. The amount of funding available to the District for its Fire Department

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

is inadequate to fund replacement of the capital assets. The Board subsequently adopted the updated Fire Master Plan in March 2020 which recommended a number of actions related to department finances, as listed in italics below:

1. Pursue a cost reimbursement or direct funding assistance from Tuolumne County for the expense associated with providing fire services outside the District boundaries, including the Amador Contract costs.

The County has entered into an agreement with the District to co-locate a fully staffed fire engine in the Groveland station, for one year, to provide fire and emergency services in the region, responding to emergency calls outside the District boundaries, thus reducing the time impact on the GCSD fire engine and staff. This contract has since been extended another year and a utility cost sharing agreement was put into place to offset the expenses.

2. Pursue a fire special tax or assessment to fund the structural fire department deficit and to cover the cost of CAL FIRE contracts and equipment replacement.

The District actively worked with Tuolumne County and the other fire districts in the county in formation of a Joint Powers Authority and placed a special parcel tax on the ballot countywide in June 2021. The measure failed and the JPA was dissolved. Other funding options are currently being pursued by the District including formation of community facilities districts and implementation of development impact fees for new development projects. As discussed previously, the District is also developing a revenue/ballot measure for consideration by the local voters in 2025.

3. Evaluate cost sharing agreements with Tuolumne County regarding services provided to new land development projects.

District management is working with the county in preparation of a Fire Services Standards of Coverage evaluation, and to assist in identifying appropriate fire station locations based on call volume and locations, and to establish desired response service levels and cost. The evaluation will also identify the impact of new land development in terms of call volume increases. As discussed above, the County added a fire engine and crew staffed 24x7x365, co-located at the District fire station beginning August 1, 2022. The County is considering the implementation of a funding mechanism to apply to new land development projects for the purpose of funding fire and emergency response services. The District will continue to work with the County to ensure that the funding is implemented and applied to continue and increase fire department staffing in the District's response areas.

It is management's estimation that achieving success in all three actions listed above will result in a balanced Fire Department budget and the ability to fully fund the necessary equipment replacement schedule.

**Park Services** – As with Fire services, the expense of delivering basic park services including building and facility maintenance and repair, cleaning, insurance, replacements and other necessary expenses exceed the amount of property tax funding available. There is not adequate reserve funding available to sustain Park services in perpetuity into the future. The District is currently evaluating various revenue producing options to fund park services into the future including upgrading facilities to reduce maintenance costs, adding park features to increase facility rentals

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

and donations. The Park Improvements Plan was completed in the 2021/22 fiscal year and the District received \$1,027,145 in grant funding commitments from the Clean California Local Grant Program, paid on a reimbursement basis and \$350,000 loan to complete park improvements and restroom replacement. This project is in progress and will be completed by December 2024. In addition, the first phase of a new trail system, Hetch Hetchy Railroad Trail Project, has been approved for funding through the Caltrans Active Transportation Program in the amount of \$6,323,000, to be planned, designed and constructed in the 2023/24 through 2027/28 fiscal years. This project is intended to increase tourism and community mobility, increase donations and volunteerism. The District continues to actively pursue grant funding to offset expenses to ensure that the park services remain accessible to our community.

Water Services – The District has completed the planning and design process for a large-scale Water System Replacement Project which will improve the water distribution lines in the Groveland- Big Oak Flat area. The planning was funded by a \$405,000 state grant. The planning process resulted in engineered plans and specifications, state permits and environmental approvals necessary to construct the project should adequate grant and/or loan funding be awarded. The District applied for \$6 million in project funding to the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund and to the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) program as a subrecipient to the County of Tuolumne. The CDBG grant was approved, and the project will be going to bid by December 2024. In addition, the Clearwell Project was completed, a state grant funded contract was received for \$3.9 million for the rehabilitation of two, two-million-gallon clear well water storage tanks, upgrade of a water booster pump station and replacement of a failing tank floor. \$4,415,027 in cash generated from water rate increases beginning in 2015 were used to leverage grant funds, make loan and debt service payments, ultimately providing for an investment of \$11,029,156 in capital assets between July 1, 2015, and June 30, 2024. The District Water System Master Plan was completed in 2023 which contains a long- and short-term Capital Improvement/Replacement Plan, for which the District will develop a financial plan to include establishing appropriate customer fees and charges to continue leveraging state and federal grants, loans and other financing.

Sewer Services – In 2018, the District completed the planning process for a large-scale sewer system replacement and rehabilitation project. This planning was funded through a state grant in the amount of \$399,000. The planning process resulted in preliminary engineering, state permits and environmental approvals necessary to support an application for state funding for project construction, which resulted in a \$5.8 million state grant and loan funding agreement in 2021. Construction on this project was started in June 2022 and was still in progress as of June 30, 2024. With the remaining grant funds available, additional upgrades will be made to this project. The District also secured a \$1,511,053 low interest loan as discussed in the Long-Term Debt section above, for the purpose of constructing improvements to the wastewater treatment plant to increase operating efficiency and reduce the production of odors. Construction on Phase 1 of the Project was completed in the 2023 fiscal year and construction of Phase 2 was nearing completion on June 30, 2024.

Between July 1, 2018, and June 30, 2024, \$1,800,000 in cash generated from increases to customer sewer rates beginning in the 2018/19 fiscal year were used to leverage grant funds, make loan and debt service payments, and generate reserve funds for \$9,363,200 in capital projects completed. The District Water System Master Plan was completed in 2023 which contains a long- and short-term Capital Improvement/Replacement Plan, for which the District will develop a financial plan to include establishing appropriate customer fees and charges to continue leveraging state and federal grants, loans and other financing.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2024

**District Wide Services** -The District experienced a shortage of staff and key position turnover throughout fiscal year 2023/24 and are not adequately staffed to complete preventative maintenance to the level required to maximize the life of equipment and infrastructure. The District must increase staffing to ensure system reliability, regulatory compliance, efficiency in Operation and Maintenance in accordance with industry standards and the unique needs of our aging infrastructure.

Considering these challenges, it is additionally crucial to evaluate the District's facilities comprehensively. A detailed assessment is needed to create a strategic plan that addresses both the maintenance and potential replacement of infrastructure. Understanding the true costs associated with upkeep and necessary upgrades will enable the District to allocate resources more effectively and prioritize projects that are vital to maintaining the integrity and functionality of facilities. This evaluation will not only inform the budgeting process but also help to identify opportunities for improvements that can enhance service delivery for the community. By taking these steps, the District can ensure to be better equipped to meet current demands and prepare for future needs.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, ratepayers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact Peter Kampa, General Manager, Groveland Community Services District, 18966 Ferretti Rd., Groveland, CA 95321.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

ASSETS:	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,676,935	\$ 2,624,276	\$ 4,301,211
Restricted cash and equivalents	180,906		5,363,508
Accounts receivable	160,150	5,182,602	
Internal balances	*	1,396,975	1,557,125
	(382,942)	382,942	12 (07 214
Depreciable/amortizable capital assets (net) Nondepreciable capital assets	1,076,019	11,611,195	12,687,214
Total assets	1,452,029	11,891,887	13,343,916
Total assets	4,163,097	33,089,877	37,252,974
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred outflow of resources related to pensions	80,020	1,363,359	1,443,379
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB		346,291	346,291
Deferred amount on debt refunding		12,496	12,496
Total deferred outflow of resources	80,020	1,722,146	1,802,166
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	391,489	935,280	1,326,769
Interest payable	371,107	46,630	46,630
Deposits payable	200	8,702	8,902
Unearned revenue	200	2,057,468	2,057,468
Long-term liabilities, due within one year	49,281	1,254,105	1,303,386
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year	296,116	3,375,416	3,671,532
Net OPEB liability	270,110	273,146	273,146
Net pension liability, due in more than one year	185,499	3,160,494	3,345,993
Total liabilities	922,585	11,111,241	12,033,826
Total Intollities	<u> </u>		12,033,020
<b>DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:</b>			
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	13,453	229,211	242,664
Deferred inflow of resources - lease asset	315,000	<u> </u>	315,000
Total deferred inflow of resources	328,453	229,211	557,664
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	2,497,841	19,078,163	21,576,004
Net position - restricted	180,906	3,125,134	3,306,040
Unrestricted	313,332	1,268,274	1,581,606
Total net position	\$ 2,992,079	\$ 23,471,571	\$ 26,463,650

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants & Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
Governmental Activities: Public safety Parks and recreation Total Governmental Activities Business-type Activities: Water Davis-Grunsky Sewer Total Business-type Activities	\$ 1,455,822 263,272 1,719,094 3,625,212 2,871,663 6,496,875	\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	\$ 35,398 7,000 42,398	\$ 325,653 325,653 497,027 2,248,804 2,745,831	\$ (1,094,771) <u>(253,467)</u> <u>(1,348,238)</u>	\$ 220,564 2,059,627 2,280,191	\$ (1,094,771) (253,467) (1,348,238) 220,564 2,059,627 2,280,191
Total Primary Government	\$ 8,215,969	\$ 6,034,040	\$ 42,398	\$ 3,071,484	(1,348,238)	2,280,191	931,953
General Revenues (Ex Property taxes Interest earnings State Revenue Federal Revenue Lease Revenue Other revenue Loss on disposal of	of capital asset				1,413,319 64,360 361,916 35,000 124,675 (1,024) 1,998,246	3 278,698 191,679 28,605 140,915 (13,092) 626,808	1,413,322 343,058 553,595 28,605 35,000 265,590 (14,116) 2,625,054
Change in 1 Net position - beg	net position				650,008	2,906,999 20,564,572	3,557,007 22,906,643
Net position - end	ing				\$ 2,992,079	\$ 23,471,571	\$ 26,463,650

#### BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Fire Protection	Parks and Recreation	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:			
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,356,414	\$ 320,521	\$ 1,676,935
Restricted cash and equivalents		180,906	180,906
Accounts receivable	8,003	152,147	160,150
Total assets	\$ 1,364,417	\$ 653,574	\$ 2,017,991
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 268,918	\$ 122,571	\$ 391,489
Deposits payable		200	200
Due to other funds	177,231	205,711	382,942
Total liabilities	446,149	328,482	774,631
Fund balances:			
Restricted		180,906	180,906
Committed:			
Fire protection	918,268		918,268
Parks and recreation		144,186	144,186
Total fund balances	918,268	325,092	1,243,360
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,364,417	\$ 653,574	\$ 2,017,991

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

43,360
28,048
80,020 13,453)
15,000)
30,896)

Total net position, governmental activities

\$ 2,992,079

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	P	Fire Parks and Protection Recreation			Total Governmenta Funds	
REVENUES:						
Property taxes	\$	1,299,566	\$	113,753	\$	1,413,319
Interest earnings		39,156		25,204		64,360
Charges for services				2,805		2,805
Federal revenue				7,000		7,000
State revenue		361,051		361,916		722,967
Use of money and property				58,491		58,491
Other revenues		62,575		3,609		66,184
Total revenues		1,762,348		572,778		2,335,126
EXPENDITURES:						
Public safety		1,376,509				1,376,509
Parks and recreation				184,699		184,699
Capital outlay		131,270		454,677		585,947
Debt service						
Principal		2,212		29,434		31,646
Interest		473		14,439		14,912
Total expenditures		1,510,464		683,249		2,193,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		251,884		(110,471)		141,413
Fund balances - beginning of year		666,384		435,563		1,101,947
Fund balances - end of year	\$	918,268	\$	325,092	\$	1,243,360

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 141,413
Amounts reported for governmental activities and in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of these assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:	
Capital outlay expenditures are added back to fund balances \$ 585,947  Depreciation and amortization expense not reported in governmental (131,843)	454,104
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of assets are reported as revenues. In the statements of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. This is the difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss.	(1,024)
In governmental funds, deferred inflows of resources related to lease revenue are not recorded. In the statements of activities, deferred inflows of resources are recognized annually as required. The lease revenue recognized for the lease asset revenue is:	35,000
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on an accrual basis. The difference between accrual basis pension costs and employer contributions was:	(11,670)
Increases/decreases in long-term debt are not recorded as expenditures in governmental funds because they are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. In the statement of activities, additions of long-term debt are recognized as liabilities and income is reduced.	31,646
Increases/decreases in compensated absences are not recorded as expenditures in governmental funds because they are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. In the statement of activities, changes in compensated absences are recognized as expenses.	 539
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 650,008

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

## Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds

	<b>Enterprise Funds</b>							
		Water Fund	Dav	is-Grunsky Fund		Sewer Fund		Totals
ASSETS:								
Cash and equivalents	\$	1,583,001	\$	16,200	\$	1,025,075	\$	2,624,276
Restricted cash and equivalents		3,002,982				2,179,620		5,182,602
Due from other funds		413,145		3,485				416,630
Accounts receivable		500,961				896,014		1,396,975
Depreciable capital assets (net)		6,913,335				4,697,860		11,611,195
Nondepreciable capital assets		5,192,475				6,699,412		11,891,887
Total assets	_	17,605,899		19,685	_	15,497,981	_	33,123,565
DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred outflow of resources related								
to pensions		791,733				571,626		1,363,359
Deferred outflow of resources related to OPEB		247,445				98,846		346,291
Deferred amount on debt refunding		636				11,860		12,496
Total deferred outflow of resources		1,039,814			_	682,332		1,722,146
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		119,407				815,873		935,280
Due to other funds						33,688		33,688
Interest payable		16,467				30,163		46,630
Deposits payable		8,702						8,702
Unearned revenue		2,057,468						2,057,468
Long-term liabilities, due within one year		638,306				615,799		1,254,105
Long-term liabilities, due in more than one year		1,293,216				2,082,200		3,375,416
Net OPEB liability		195,179				77,967		273,146
Net pension liability, due in more than one year		1,835,369				1,325,125		3,160,494
Total liabilities	_	6,164,114				4,980,815		11,144,929
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES:								
Deferred inflow of resources related to pensions	_	133,108				96,103	_	229,211
NET POSITION:								
Net investment in capital assets		10,290,528				8,787,635		19,078,163
Net position - restricted		945,514				2,179,620		3,125,134
Unrestricted	_	1,112,449		19,685	_	136,140	_	1,268,274
Total net position	\$	12,348,491	\$	19,685	\$	11,103,395	\$	23,471,571

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

<b>Business-type Activities</b>	
<b>Enterprise Funds</b>	

	Enterprise Funds						
		Water Fund	Dav	is-Grunsky Fund	Sewer Fund		Totals
OPERATING REVENUES:							
Charges for services	\$	3,306,783			\$ 2,657,813	\$	5,964,596
Other		41,966			24,673		66,639
Total operating revenues		3,348,749			2,682,486		6,031,235
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and wages		1,021,838			827,979		1,849,817
Payroll expenses		599,914			445,151		1,045,065
Utilities		302,103			164,181		466,284
Supplies, equipment, and materials		215,533			123,642		339,175
Repairs and maintenance		267,805			113,719		381,524
Professional services		165,968			113,970		279,938
Licenses and permits		11,573			43,622		55,195
Insurance		140,527			95,358		235,885
Miscellaneous		44,759			20,925		65,684
Communications		11,322			5,341		16,663
Employee development		41,187			40,693		81,880
Janitorial		34,072			19,554		53,626
Rents and leases		7,670					7,670
Memberships, dues, and subscriptions		49,414					49,414
Depreciation	_	629,118			743,807	_	1,372,925
Total operating expenses	_	3,542,803			2,757,942	_	6,300,745
Operating loss		(194,054)			(75,456)		(269,510)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):							
Property taxes			\$	3			3
Federal revenue		18,322			10,283		28,605
State grant revenue		191,679					191,679
Interest earnings		145,901		594	132,203		278,698
Interest expense		(46,821)			(100,961)		(147,782)
Amortization		(29,315)			(5,083)		(34,398)
Other expenses		(6,273)			(7,677)		(13,950)
Loss on disposal of capital assets		(6,784)			(6,308)		(13,092)
Other income		87,445			53,470		140,915
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		354,154		597	75,927		430,678
INCOME BEFORE CAPITAL ACTIVITY		160,100		597	471	_	161,168
CAPITAL ACTIVITY:							
Federal revenue					2,223,525		2,223,525
State grant revenue		497,027			25,279		522,306
Total capital activity	_	497,027			2,248,804		2,745,831
Change in net position	-	657,127	-	597	2,249,275	_	2,906,999
Change in her position		057,127		331	<u></u>	_	2,700,777
Net position - beginning of year	_	11,691,364		19,088	8,854,120		20,564,572
Net position - ending	\$	12,348,491	\$	19,685	\$ 11,103,395	\$	23,471,571

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Water Fund	Davis-Grunsky Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers	\$ 3,201,745		\$ 3,039,347	\$ 6,241,092		
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(1,716,993)		(421,847)	(2,138,840)		
Cash payments to/on behalf of employees	(1,714,927)		(1,332,003)	(3,046,930)		
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(230,175)		1,285,497	1,055,322		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from grants	191,679		2,223,525	2,415,204		
Cash received from taxes and assessments		\$ 3		3		
Cash received from other nonoperating	105,767		63,753	169,520		
Cash payments for other nonoperating	(6,273)		(7,677)	(13,950)		
Net cash provided by non-capital and						
related financing activities	291,173	3	2,279,601	2,570,777		
CASH FLOW FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from grants	497,027		25,279	522,306		
Purchase of capital assets	(1,515,162)		(2,781,493)	(4,296,655)		
Interest paid on long-term debt	(52,376)		(105,882)	(158,258)		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(469,951)		(333,188)	(803,139)		
Proceeds from financing debt	(9,341)		(153,146)	(162,487)		
Net cash used by capital and	(1.540.902)		(2 249 420)	(4 909 222)		
related financing activities	(1,549,803)	<del></del>	(3,348,430)	(4,898,233)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest on investments	145,901	594	132,203	278,698		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,342,904)	597	348,871	(993,436)		
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	5,928,887	15,603	2,855,824	8,800,314		
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 4,585,983	\$ 16,200	\$ 3,204,695	\$ 7,806,878		
Cash and equivalents	\$ 1,583,001	\$ 16,200	\$ 1,025,075	\$ 2,624,276		
Restricted cash and equivalents	3,002,982		2,179,620	5,182,602		
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 4,585,983	\$ 16,200	\$ 3,204,695	\$ 7,806,878		

(Continued)

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(Continued)

## **Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds**

	Water Fund	Davis-Grunsky Fund	Sewer Fund	Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Operating deficit	\$ (194,054)		\$ (75,456)	\$ (269,510)	
Reconciliation of operating income to net					
cash provided (used) by operating activities					
Depreciation expense	629,118		743,807	1,372,925	
(Increase) decrease in:					
Accounts receivable and deposits	(147,184)		356,861	209,677	
Due from other funds	(1,371)			(1,371)	
Deferred outflows of resources	(117,637)		(35,925)	(153,562)	
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(468,038)		290,500	(177,538)	
Due to other funds			(5,287)	(5,287)	
Deposits payable	180			180	
Compensated absences	(3,799)		(3,290)	(7,089)	
Net pension liability	122,493		68,643	191,136	
Net OPEB obligation	132,466		49,357	181,823	
Deferred inflows of resources	(182,349)		(103,713)	(286,062)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (230,175)	\$	\$ 1,285,497	\$ 1,055,322	

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

#### 1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Groveland Community Services District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### **B. REPORTING ENTITY**

The District was formed in 1953, pursuant to the Community Services District Law of the State of California (Division 2 of Title 6 of the Government Code, Section 61600). The District provides water, sewer, fire, and park services throughout the District. The District's financial and administrative functions are governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) elected by the voting population within the District. The District is a separate legal reporting entity in Tuolumne County.

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the entity exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters), the scope of public service, and a special financing relationship.

The District has determined that no other outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no agency has been included as a component unit in the District's financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity that would exercise such oversight responsibility that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

#### C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-wide financial statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which the governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Certain indirect expenses are allocated to the funds based on relative percentages. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund financial statements** – Fund financial statements report more detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds include a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e. revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e. expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e. revenues) and decreases (i.e. expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Restricted net position is related to grant funding received in advance or externally required to be held separately by grantors.

### D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting.

**Expenses/Expenditures** – Under the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. However, the measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in the net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized on governmental fund financial statements.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available for use, it is the District's policy to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less restrictive classifications - committed amounts should be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### E. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major funds as follows:

### Major Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes. The District maintains the following major special revenue funds:

The **Fire Protection Fund** is used to account primarily for property taxes allocated for fire protection services throughout the District.

The **Parks and Recreation Fund** is used to account primarily for property taxes allocated for recreation services throughout the District.

### Major Proprietary Funds

**Proprietary Funds** – **Enterprise Funds** are used to account for a government's ongoing operation and activities that are similar to businesses found in the private sector. These funds are considered self-supporting in that the services rendered by them are generally financed through user charges. The District maintains the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Fund is used to account for all activity associated with water services throughout the District.

The **Davis-Grunsky Fund** is used to account for all activity associated with the Davis-Grunsky loans.

The **Sewer Fund** is used to account for all activity associated with wastewater services throughout the District.

### F. BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all of the District's governmental funds. By State Law, the Board must approve a tentative budget no later than June 30 and adopt a final budget no later than August 31. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption.

These budgets are revised by the Board during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budgets for the Fire Protection and Parks and Recreation funds are presented as required supplementary information in these financial statements.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### G. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

### H. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents.

### I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Purchased capital assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost when original cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The District's policy is to capitalize all capital assets with costs exceeding a minimum threshold of \$2,500 and lease assets exceeding the threshold of \$25,000. As of June 30, 2024, the District had no lease assets exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Structures and Buildings	20-50 years
Improvements	10-50 years
Furnishings and Equipment	3-10 years
Vehicles	5-20 years

### J. DEFERRED OUTFLOW/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, liabilities and net position, the statement of net position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Conversely, deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District's deferred amount on debt refunding, resulting from the difference in the carrying value and reacquisition price of the refunded debt, is reported as deferred outflows of resources and is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded debt or refunding bond.

Contributions made to the District's pension and OPEB plan(s) after the measurement date but before the fiscal year end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and will reduce the net pension liability and total OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Additional factors involved in the calculation of the District's pension and OPEB expenses and liabilities include the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions. These factors are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and amortized over various periods. See Notes 5 and 6 for further details related to these pension and OPEB deferred outflows and inflows.

### K. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous plan and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### L. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2023 Measurement Date June 30, 2023

Measurement Period July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2023

### M. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

An employee accumulates vacation and sick leave time in accordance with the personnel policies handbook. Vacation and sick time vested and accrued depends on years of service and date of hire by the District. Vacation may be accumulated up to 8 weeks and is paid in full upon termination or retirement. Employee can accumulate up to 300 hours of sick leave, but unused sick leave is compensable at one half the total sick time accrued upon termination or retirement.

### N. FUND BALANCES

Committed fund balances are set aside for specific purposes by the District's highest level of decision-making authority (the Board) pursuant to formal actions taken, such as a majority vote or resolution. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use through the same type of formal action taken to establish the commitment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### O. PROPERTY TAXES

The District receives property taxes from the County of Tuolumne (County), which has been assigned the responsibility for assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County. Secured property taxes are levied on January 1 for the following fiscal year and on which date it becomes a lien on real property. Secured property taxes are due in two installments, on November 1 and February 1, and are delinquent after December 10 and April 10. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31. Property tax revenues are recognized in the fiscal year they are received.

Based on a policy by the County called the Teeter Plan, 100% of the allocated taxes are transmitted by the County to the District, eliminating the need for an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The County, in return, receives all penalties and interest on the related delinquent taxes.

### P. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District reports long-term obligations of governmental funds at face value in the government-wide financial statements. Long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements.

### 2. CASH AND EQUIVALENTS

The District's cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2024 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Cash and equivalents Restricted cash and equivalents	\$ 4,301,211 5,363,508
Total cash and equivalents	\$ 9,664,719

Cash and equivalents as of June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Cash with financial institutions	\$ 9,622,420
Cash on hand	500
Cash and equivalents with LAIF	 41,799
Total cash and equivalents	\$ 9,664,719

### Local Agency Investment Fund

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. Separate complete financial statements are available at P.O. Box 942809, Sacramento, CA 94209-0001.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized per the District's investment policy and allowed per the California Government Code. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code.

<b>Authorized Investment Type</b>	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Reverse Repurchase Agreements &		20 % of the base	
Securities Lending Agreements	92 days	value of the portfolio	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	None
Collateralized Bank Deposits	5 years	None	None
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
Time Deposits	5 years	None	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	\$50 Million

### **Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements**

Investments held by trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of the debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Investment pools authorized under CA			
Statutes governed by Government Code	N/A	None	\$50 million
U.S. Treasury Obligations/Bills	5 years	None	None
Bank Savings Account	N/A	25%	None
Federal Agencies	5 years	75%	None
Commercial Paper	180 days	20%	None
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	180 days	20%	None
Re-purchase Agreements	180 days	20%	None
Corporate Debt	5 years	25%	None
Money Market Accounts	N/A	None	None

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has no investments that are highly sensitive to interest rate fluctuations.

### **Derivative Investments**

The District did not directly enter into any derivative investments. Information regarding the amount invested in derivatives by the County Treasury was not available.

### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

### Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. There are no investments (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) in any one issuer that represents 5% or more of total District investments.

### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits that are made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amounts deposited by the public agencies.

District deposits held with financial institutions and with fiscal agents in excess of federal depository insurance limits are in accounts collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution that total \$4,732,920.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

### **Governmental Activities:**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance						Balance	
	Jı	aly 1, 2023 Additions		<b>Deductions</b>		Ju	ne 30, 2024	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	224,976					\$	224,976
Construction in Progress		818,274	\$	462,652	\$	(53,873)		1,227,053
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	_	1,043,250	_	462,652	_	(53,843)		1,452,029
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	1:							
Structures and improvements		1,229,718		168,895		(8,011)		1,390,602
Furnishings & Equipment		297,754				(33,855)		263,899
Vehicles		712,121		4,531		(77,910)		638,742
Right-to-use asset – park lease		350,000						350,000
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized		2,589,593		173,426		(119,776)		2,643,243
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,554,133)		(131,843)		118,752		(1,567,224)
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net		1,035,460	_	41,583		(1,024)		1,076,019
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	2,078,710	\$	504,235	\$	(54,897)	\$	2,528,048

For the year ended June 30, 2024, depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

Public safety Parks and recreation	\$ 73,987 57,856
Total depreciation expense	\$ 131,843

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### **Business-Type Activities:**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance	Additions/	<b>Deductions/</b>	Balance
	<b>July 1, 2023</b>	<b>Transfers</b>	<b>Transfers</b>	June 30, 2024
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 387,105			\$ 387,105
Construction in progress	8,124,997	\$ 3,639,470	\$ (259,685)	11,504,782
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	8,512,102	3,639,470	(259,685)	11,891,887
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	32,796,233	260,670	(121,213)	32,935,690
Equipment	3,762,340	565,222	(101,503)	4,226,059
Vehicles	2,029,920	114,583	(129,580)	2,014,923
Total capital assets, being depreciated	38,588,493	940,475	(352,296)	39,176,672
Total accumulated depreciation	(26,508,151)	(1,372,925)	315,599	(27,565,477)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	12,080,342	(432,450)	(36,697)	11,611,195
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 20,592,444	\$ 3,207,020	\$ (296,382)	\$ 23,503,082

### 4. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the governmental activities the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	e 30, 2023	Ac	lditions	Re	<u>tirements</u>	 alance at ne 30, 2024	 ne within
Compensated absences Finance purchase	\$ 16,877 10,702			\$	536 2,629	\$ 16,341 8,073	\$ 16,341 2,733
Lease liability – park Net pension liability	350,000 166,448	\$	19,051		29,017	320,983 185,499	30,207
Total	\$ 544,027	\$	19,051	\$	(32,182)	\$ 530,896	\$ 49,281

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Long-term liability activity for the business-type activities the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

Business-type Activities	Balance at June 30, 2023	A	Additions Retirements		Additions Retirements		Balance at ne 30, 2024	_	one year
2019 Wastewater									
Installment Sale	\$ 1,333,223			\$	(61,687)	\$ 1,271,536	\$	63,771	
2019 Wastewater									
Refunding	984,174				(271,501)	712,673		277,950	
2021 Water Refunding	1,990,298				(469,951)	1,520,347		481,059	
Net pension liability	2,969,358	\$	191,136			3,160,494			
Net OPEB obligation	91,323		181,823			273,146			
Finance purchase	1,070,354		43,598		(206,085)	907,867		214,227	
Compensated absences	224,187				(7,089)	 217,098		217,098	
Total	\$ 8,662,917	\$	416,557	\$	(1,016,313)	\$ 8,063,161	\$	1,254,105	

The District issued the 2019 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds (2019 Wastewater Refunding) dated December 10, 2019 in the amount of \$1,906,811 with an interest rate of 2.840% to current refund the Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 bonds (2014 Wastewater Revenue Refunding). Payments are due semiannually on July 10 and January 10. Final maturity is on July 20, 2026.

The District issued the 2019 Wastewater Revenue Installment Sale Agreement (2019 Wastewater Installment Sale) dated December 10, 2019 in the amount of \$1,511,053, with an interest rate of 3.350% for the immediate replacement and improvement of the Wastewater Treatment Plant Headworks, recycled wastewater irrigation system and wastewater collection system lift station #2. Payments are due semiannually on July 10 and January 10. Final maturity is on July 10, 2039.

The District issued the 2021 Water Refunding Bonds (2021 Water Refunding) dated January 4, 2021 in the amount of \$3,128,540 with an interest rate of 2.350% to current refund the 2013 Installment Sale Agreement and Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014. Payments are due semiannually on July 10 and January 10. Final maturity is on July 10, 2027.

Annual debt service requirements for the business-type activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	_]	[nterest	 Totals
2025	\$ 822,780	\$	93,262	\$ 916,042
2026	953,013		71,799	1,024,812
2027	506,811		48,423	555,234
2028	218,718		37,125	255,843
2029	72,834		33,003	105,837
2030-2034	402,783		126,406	529,189
2035-2039	475,567		53,622	529,189
2040	 52,050		872	 52,922
Total	\$ 3,504,556	\$	464,512	\$ 3,936,068

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Lease liability

In July 2022, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation (the Corporation) to finance the acquisition, construction and equipping of certain capital improvements at the District. The District leased property to the Corporation in exchange for an advance rental. The Corporation then leased back the property to the District which is then obligated to make payments to the Corporation. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$350,000 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$320,983. The lease term is 9 years with a \$43,367 monthly payment. For purposes of discounting future payments on the lease, the District used a discount rate of 4.10%. The right-to-use asset as of the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$311,108 and is being amortized over the remaining term of the lease. As the Corporation advanced the District the full \$350,000, a deferred inflow of resources was recorded as this amount will be reduced as payments are made on the liability. As of June 30, 2024, the deferred inflow of resources was \$315,000. The future minimum principal and interest lease payments as of June 20, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u> P</u>	Principal		Principal Interest				Total
2025	\$	30,207	\$	13,160	\$	43,367		
2026		31,445		11,922		43,367		
2027		32,734		10,633		43,367		
2028		34,077		9,290		43,367		
2029		35,474		7,893		43,367		
2030-2032		157,046		16,420		173,466		
Totals	\$	320,983	\$	69,318	\$	390,301		

### Finance Purchase

In February 2023, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement with Municipal Finance Corporation (the Corporation) to finance property to be purchased and leased back to the District. The property purchased and leased to the District will transfer ownership at the end of the lease. The finance purchase agreement has a gross amount of \$1,129,341 for the assets financed. As of June 30, 2024, the District utilized \$1,118,654 of the proceeds to purchase vehicles and anticipates using the remaining \$4,687 of the proceeds in fiscal year 2025. Future minimum principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Total
2025	\$ 253,325
2026	253,325
2027	253,324
2028	253,324
Total	1,013,298
Less amount representing interest	 (92,672)
Present value of net minimum payments	\$ 920,626

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### 5. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

The District provides pension benefits to its employees through the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous Plan, a public agency cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. CalPERS is an agency of the State of California. Qualified employees are covered under the Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55 for classic employees and 2% at 62 for PEPRA employees in the Risk Pool (the Plan). CalPERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan. This report is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

### Benefits Provided

The benefits for the Plan are established by contract with CalPERS, in accordance with the provisions of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law (PERL). The benefits are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. To be eligible for service retirement, members must be at least 50 and a minimum of five years of CalPERS-credited service. Members after January 1, 2013 must be at least 52.

### Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the PERL requires employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and are effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to pay the Plans allocated share of the risk pool's costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, and any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The District's required contribution rate on covered payroll for the period ended June 30, 2024 for the PEPRA and miscellaneous plan were 7.68% and 15.95% of annual pay, respectively. Employer contributions rates may change if the Plan contract is amended.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The District's Net Pension Liability (NPL) for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the NPL. The NPL of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023 for the year ended June 30, 2024. The total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. As of June 30, 2024, the District's proportionate share of the Plan's net pension liability (NPL) was \$3,345,993.

Using the District's individual employer rate plan's share of the risk pool TPL and Fiduciary Net Position (FNP), the proportionate shares of the TPL and FNP at the measurement date are determined for the District by the actuary. The District's employer allocation factor for the Plan as of June 30, 2023 measurement date was as follows:

	<u>Plan</u>
Proportion - June 30, 2023	0.066914%
Proportion - June 30, 2022	0.067015%
Change - increase (decrease)	(0.000101%)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$452,723. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	170,931	\$	(26,516)
Change in assumptions		202,013		
Net differences between projected and actual investment				
earnings of pension plan investments		541,746		
Change in proportions		7,397		(216,148)
Change in proportionate share of contributions		122,496		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		398,797		
Total	\$	1,443,379	\$	(242,664)

The \$398,797 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2025	\$	206,540
2026		147,664
2027		432,170
2028		15,544

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 (the measurement date), the TPL was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2022 TPL, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The June 30, 2022 TPL amounts were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Entry-Age Normal	Actuarial Cost Method
	Actuarial Assumptions:
6.90%	Discount Rate
2.30%	Inflation
Varies by Entry Age and Service	Salary Increases
Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all Funds	Mortality Rate Table <sup>(1)</sup>
Contract COLA up to 2.30% until Purchasing Power	Post Retirement Benefit Increase
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies	

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP 2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The expected real rates of return by asset class are as followed:

Asset Class <sup>(1)</sup>	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10 <sup>(1,2)</sup>
Global Equity- cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)
Total	100.00%	

<sup>(1)</sup> An expected inflation of 2.30% was used for this period.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability management study.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Sensitivity of the District's Proportional Share of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's Proportional Share of the NPL of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the District's Proportional Share of the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

			Current			
	Discount Rate – 1%		Discount Rate		Discount Rate + 1%	
District's Proportionate Share of Plan's NPL	\$ 4,720,98	33 \$	3,345,993	\$	2,214,258	

### Recognition of Gains and Losses

Under GASB Statement No. 68, gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in pension expense systematically over time.

The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense.

The amortization period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Difference between projected and actual earnings 5 year straight-line amortization

All other amounts Straight-line amortization over the average

expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive and retired) as of the beginning of the

measurement period

### 6. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

### Plan Description

The District has established a retiree healthcare plan that provides other postemployment health, dental, and vision care benefits for eligible retired employees and their dependents through the retiree healthcare plan (the Plan). The District, through the authorization of their Board of Directors, elected to establish an irrevocable trust for the Plan through the California Employers' Retiree Trust (CERBT) fund, an agent multiple-employer plan, administered by CalPERS. The CERBT has pooled administrative and investment functions, while separate employer accounts are maintained to prefund and pay for health care or other postemployment benefits in accordance with the terms of the participating employers' plans. The CERBT offers three investment strategies for employers to choose from depending on their expected levels of return and volatility. Benefit provisions are established by the District.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Benefits Provided

Employees who, 1) retire from the District after at least the minimum number of years of service, as specified by their contract with the District, and 2) who continue health insurance through a District-sponsored health insurance plan, will continue to pay their health insurance premium, at the same level of benefits as the retiree had at the time of retirement. The District will also continue contributing to the retirees Health Savings Account, until the retiree reaches the age of 65, after which, the retiree shall receive the Medicare Supplement insurance coverage.

### **Employees Covered**

As of the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following inactive and active employees were covered by the benefit terms under the OPEB Plan:

Inactive employees receiving benefits	14
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits	0
Participating active employees	6
Total	20

### **Contributions**

The District provides benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The District's policy is to prefund their benefits from time to time at the sole discretion of the Board by accumulating assets in the CERBT. The District's employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

### Net OPEB Liability

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined using the Alternative Measurement Method with a valuation date of June 30, 2023. Standard actuarial update procedures were used to project/discount from valuation to measurement dates.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

**Actuarial Assumptions:** 

Salary increases 3.00% Inflation rate 2.50%

Investment rate of return 5.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense

Health care cost trend rates 6.00% for 2023 decreasing to 5.50 percent for 2024, 5.25

percent for 2025-2029, 5.00 percent for 2030-2039, 4.75 percent for 2040-2049, 4.5 percent for 2050-2069 and 4.00 percent for 2070 and later years; Medicare ages: 4.50 percent for 2023-2029 and 4.00 percent for 2030 and later

years.

Pre-retirement mortality rates from CalPERS Experience Study (2000-2019). Post-retirement mortality rates for Healthy Recipients from CalPERS Experience Study (2015-2018).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### **Changes in assumptions**

Effective with the June 30, 2023 valuation date, the inflation rate was reduced from 2.75% to 2.50% and the investment rate of return was reduced from 6.00% to 5.25%.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The calculated investment rate of return was set equal to the expected ten-year compound (geometric) real return plus inflation (rounded to the nearest 25 basis points, where appropriate). The table below provides the long-term expected real rates of return by asset class (based on published capital market assumptions).

The CERBT offers three diversified allocation strategies. The District has elected to participate in CERBT's Strategy 3 which has the lowest long-term expected rate of return and return volatility. The following table shows the target asset allocation for employers participating in CERBT Strategy 3:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Global ex-U.S. Equity	23%	4.8%
U.S Fixed	51%	1.8%
TIPS	9%	1.6%
Real Estate	14%	3.7%
Commodities	3%	1.9%
Total	100%	

For the June 30, 2023 measurement date, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 1.58%. The money-weighted rate of return expenses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts invested.

### **Discount Rate**

Accounting standards for OPEB require a discount rate that reflects the following:

- a) The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments to the extent that the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any) is projected to be enough to make projected benefit payments and assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve that return;
- b) A yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher to the extent that the conditions in (a) are not met.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

To determine a resulting single (blended) rate, the amount of the plan's projected fiduciary net position (if any) and the amount of projected benefit payments is compared in each period of projected benefit payments. The discount rate used to measure the District's total OPEB liability at June 30, 2024 is based on these requirements and the following information:

	Long-Term Expected	Municipal		
	Return on Plan Investments	Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate	Discount	
Measurement Date	(if any)	Index	Rate	
June 30, 2023	5.25%	3.86%	5.25%	

### **Changes in the Net OPEB Liability**

The changes in the Net OPEB liability for the OPEB Plan are as follows:

### **Increase (Decrease)**

	Total OPEB Liability (TOL) (a)		Liability Net		Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)	
Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	1,242,385	\$	1,151,062	\$	91,323
(Measurement date June 30, 2023)		_				_
Changes recognized for the measurement period:						
Service cost		22,157				22,157
Interest on TOL		73,879				73,879
Difference between expected and actual						
experience		45,523				45,523
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		125,528				125,528
Contributions—employer				67,449		(67,449)
Actual investment income				18,142		(18,142)
Benefit payments		(67,449)		(67,449)		
Administrative expense				(327)		327
Net changes		199,638		17,815		181,823
Balance at June 30, 2024 (Measurement date					· <u></u>	_
June 30, 2023)	\$	1,442,023	\$	1,168,877	\$	273,146

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	R	Discount Rate -1% (4.25%)		Current Discount Rate (5.25%)		Discount (ate +1% (6.25%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	467,404	\$	273,146	\$	109,908

### Sensitivity of the District's Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Tr	alth Care end Rate 6 (5.00%)	Tr	ealth Care end Rate (6.00%)	Tı	ealth Care rend Rate % (7.00%)
Net OPEB liability	\$	85,231	\$	273,146	\$	505,615

### OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available on CalPER's website in an annual report titled "California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust, Agent Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefits Plan, Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer". Additionally, CalPERS annually issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which includes the CERBT fund's financial statements.

### Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time.

Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense.

The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB Trust investments 5 years

All other amounts 3.9 years, Expected average remaining service lives (EARSL) of plan participants

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of (\$32,357). At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	eferred utflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	80,310	
Change in assumptions		95,640	
Differences between expected and actual experience		34,684	
Net difference between projected and actual return on investments		135,657	
Total	\$	346,291	\$

The \$80,310 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2023 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability (asset) during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	_	
2025	\$	76,455
2026		77,050
2027		94,149
2028		18,327

### 7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries insurance. The District is a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA), an intergovernmental risk sharing joint powers authority, created pursuant to California Government Code Sections 6500 et. seq., effective July 1, 2006. During its membership, the general and auto liability, employee dishonesty coverage, property loss, boiler and machinery, public officials' personal liability, workers' compensation coverage and employer's liability policies were in effect, with excess coverage for general and auto liability, and errors and changes of \$10 million. Following is SDRMA's summary financial information as of June 30, 2023:

Total Assets	\$ 146,574,993		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,664,198	Total Operating Revenues \$	98,018,472
Total Liabilities	(76,343,471)	Total Operating Expenses	(96,560,830)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 (374,517)	Total Nonoperating income_	2,720,432
Total Net Position	\$ 71,521,203	Change in Net Position <u>\$</u>	4,178,074

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FIRE PROTECTION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES:				
Property taxes	\$ 1,280,616	\$ 1,280,616	\$ 1,299,566	\$ 18,950
Interest earnings	25,350	25,350	39,156	13,806
State revenue	415,462	415,462	361,051	(54,411)
Other revenue	19,578	19,578	62,575	42,997
Total revenues	1,741,006	1,741,006	1,762,348	21,342
EXPENDITURES:				
Public safety	1,652,262	1,654,128	1,376,509	277,619
Capital outlay	507,829	505,535	131,270	374,265
Debt service:				
Principal			2,212	(2,212)
Interest			473	(473)
Total expenditures	2,160,091	2,159,663	1,510,464	649,199
Excess (deficiency) of revenues ove	r			
expenditures	(419,085)	(418,657)	251,884	670,541
Fund balances - beginning	666,384	666,384	666,384	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 247,299	\$ 247,727	\$ 918,268	\$ 670,541

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PARKS AND RECREATION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original Original	Final		Amounts		(1	Negative)
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	111,359	\$	111,359	\$	113,753	\$	2,394
Interest earnings		10,100		10,100		25,204		15,104
Charges for services		3,250		3,250		2,805		(445)
Federal revenue						7,000		7,000
State revenue		553,185		555,101		361,916		(193,185)
Use of money and property		57,000		57,000		58,491		1,491
Other revenue		3,000		3,000		3,609		609
Total revenues		737,894		739,810		572,778		(167,032)
<b>EXPENDITURES:</b>								
Parks and recreation		198,064		198,132		184,699		13,433
Capital outlay		725,354		724,896		454,677		270,219
Debt service:		,		,		,		,
Principal						29,434		(29,434)
Interest						14,439		(14,439)
Total expenditures	_	923,418		923,028	_	683,249		239,779
Excess (deficiency) of revenues ove	r							
expenditures	-	(185,524)		(183,218)		(110,471)		72,747
Fund balances - beginning		435,563		435,563		435,563		
Fund balances - ending	\$	250,039	\$	252,345	\$	325,092	\$	72,747

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET) AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE MEASUREMENT PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, LAST 10 YEARS\*

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Service cost Interest	\$ 22,157 73,879	\$ 16,992 72,237	\$ 17,182 88,436	\$ 31,442 88,057	\$ 32,296 173,050	\$ 122,616 160,907	\$ 119,046 151,247
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments	45,523 125,528 (67,449)	(66,644)	(308,722) 13,401 (93,124)	(104,561)	(1,423,388) (88,448) (113,741)	(113,141)	(105,560)
	(07,447)	(00,044)	(73,124)	(104,301)	(113,741)	(113,141)	(103,300)
NET CHANGE IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	199,638	22,585	(282,827)	14,938	(1,420,231)	170,382	164,733
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, Beginning	1,242,385	1,219,800	1,502,627	1,487,689	2,907,920	2,737,538	2,572,805
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY, Ending (a)	1,442,023	1,242,385	1,219,800	1,502,627	1,487,689	2,907,920	2,737,538
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions—employer Contributions—employee	67,449	66,644	93,124	104,561	298,741	295,909	286,010
Net investment income Benefit payments	18,142 (67,449)	(138,799) (66,644)	154,079 (93,124)	67,685 (104,561)	59,152 (113,741)	28,892 (113,141)	15,864 (105,560)
Trustee fees Administrative expense	(327)	(328)	(401)	(531)	(179)	(814) (319)	(218)
NET CHANGE IN PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	17,815	(139,127)	153,678	67,154	243,973	210,527	196,096
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Beginning	1,151,062	1,290,189	1,136,511	1,069,357	825,384	614,857	418,761
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION, Ending (b)	1,168,877	1,151,062	1,290,189	1,136,511	1,069,357	825,384	614,857
DISTRICT'S NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET), Ending (a) - (b)	\$ 273,146	\$ 91,323	\$ (70,389)	\$ 366,116	\$ 418,332	\$ 2,082,536	\$ 2,122,681
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	81.06%	92.65%	105.77%	75.63%	71.88%	28.38%	22.46%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 572,184	\$ 533,072	\$ 479,466	\$ 473,494	\$ 469,796	\$ 595,041	\$ 677,904
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	47.74%	17.13%	-14.68%	77.32%	89.05%	349.98%	313.12%

### Notes to Schedule:

There were no changes to benefit terms or assumptions during the measurement period ending June 30, 2022, 2020, 2018 or 2017. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2019, the healthcare cost trend rate changed from 5% for 2018 and later years to 6.00% for 2019 decreasing 0.10 percent each year to an ultimate rate of 5.00 percent for 2029 and later years. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2021, the inflation rate decreased from 3.00% to 2.75%. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2023, the inflaction rate decreased from 2.75% to 2.5% and the investment rate of return was reduced from 6.00% to 5.25%.

<sup>\*</sup> Fiscal year 2018 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only seven years are presented.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, LAST 10 YEARS

	Measurement Date									
Division of Color	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.066914%	0.067015%	0.101074%	0.065284%	0.064348%	0.063390%	0.061405%	0.061035%	0.059813%	0.048550%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,345,993	\$ 3,135,806	\$ 1,919,204	\$ 2,753,741	\$ 2,576,825	\$ 2,388,940	\$ 2,420,627	\$ 2,120,274	\$ 1,640,950	\$ 1,199,800
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,679,024	\$ 1,596,175	\$ 1,272,283	\$ 1,097,703	\$ 758,439	\$ 819,134	\$ 832,387	\$ 704,247	\$ 909,010	\$ 898,662
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percenta of its covered-employee payroll		196.46%	150.85%	250.86%	339.75%	291.64%	290.81%	301.07%	180.52%	133.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.21%	76.68%	88.28%	75.10%	75.26%	75.26%	73.31%	74.06%	78.40%	81.15%

### **Notes to Schedule:**

**Change of benefit terms** – There have been no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – GASB 68 states that the long-term expected rate of return should be determined net pension plan investment expenses, but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The discount rate changed from 7.50% (net of administrative expenses in 2014) to 7.65% as of the June 30, 2015 measurement date to correct the adjustment, which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expenses. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2016 and 2014, there were no changes in assumptions. As of June 2017 measurement date the financial reporting discount rate for the PERF C was lowered from 7.65% to 7.15%. As of June 30, 2022 measurement date, the discount rate for PERF C was lowered from 7.15% to 6.90%.

# SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, LAST 10 YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributio (actuarially determined)	s 398,797	\$ 383,290	\$ 406,900	\$ 352,913	\$ 296,831	\$ 231,810	\$ 199,766	\$ 184,529	\$ 157,772	\$ 96,691
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(398,797)	(383,290)	(406,900)	(352,913)	(296,831)	(231,810)	(199,766)	(184,529)	(157,772)	(96,691)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,821,936	\$ 1,679,024	\$ 1,596,175	\$ 1,272,283	\$ 1,097,703	\$ 758,439	\$ 819,134	\$ 832,387	\$ 704,247	\$ 909,010
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.89%	22.83%	25.49%	27.74%	27.04%	30.56%	24.39%	22.17%	22.40%	10.64%



### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Pass- Through Identifying <u>Number</u>	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
Environmental Protection Agency Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Cluster: Passed through State Water Resources Control Board Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458	C-06-8109-210	N/A	\$ 2,223,525
U.S. Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Mana Passed through California Governor's Office of Emergency Service Public Assistance Grants	0	FEMA-4683-DR-CA	N/A	35,605
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 2,259,130

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2024

### 1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The audit of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024, was conducted in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), which requires disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. To comply with Uniform Guidance, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards was prepared by the District.

- General The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the District. The District reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements.
- Basis of Accounting The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the District's basic financial statements.
- Indirect Cost Rate The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.
- Subrecipients The District did not provide federal awards to subrecipients during the year ended June 30, 2024.

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Groveland Community Services District Groveland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Groveland Community Services District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 23, 2024.

### **Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 23, 2024

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Groveland Community Services District Groveland, California

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Groveland Community Service District (the District)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order
  to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal
  control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
  Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 23, 2024

# FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS	
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesXNo
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	YesXNo
Identification of major programs	
Assistance Listing Number	Name of Federal Programs or Cluster
66.458	Clean Water State Revolving Fund (CWSRF) Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	YesXNo
B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS	
None noted.	
C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS – MAJOR	FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT
None noted.	

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

None.

### MANAGEMENT REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Required Communications	1 – 2

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto

Board of Directors Groveland Community Services District Groveland, California

We have audited the financial statements of the Groveland Community Services District (District), for the year ended June 30, 2024. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our engagement letter dated September 13, 2022. Professional standards require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

### Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2024. We noted no transaction entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Accounting estimates are used in determining the depreciable lives and methods used for capital assets, compensated absences, OPEB liability and funding progress of CalPERS pension liability. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were the disclosures about the employee retirement plan and other postemployment benefits plan disclosed in Notes 5 and 6 to the financial statements.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

### Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. We did not identify any significant audit adjustments.

### Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

### Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 23, 2024.

### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

### Other Audit Findings and Issues

Med foll

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

October 23, 2024